Commodity LDPE-GP Film (Spot FD NW Eu-

rope)

Forecast Period April 2017 – September 2017

Currency €

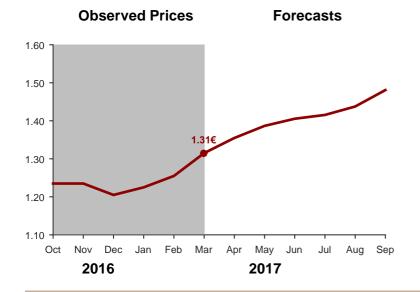
Unit Kilogram

Observations Monthly forecasts of the spot price

in the first day of the month



Forecasts



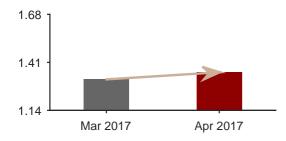
Month/Year	Forecast	Prob. of Raise
Apr. 2017	1.35€	67 %
May 2017	1.39€	66 %
Jun. 2017	1.41€	59 %
Jul. 2017	1.42€	59 %
Aug. 2017	1.44€	58 %
Sep. 2017	1.48€	82 %

Suggested Action for Procurement

Purchase Limit Month	Suggested Action	
April 2017	Buy in March at 1.31€	
May 2017	Buy in March at 1.31€	
June 2017	Buy in March at 1.31€	
July 2017	Buy in March at 1.31€	
August 2017	Buy in March at 1.31€	
September 2017	Buy in March at 1.31€	

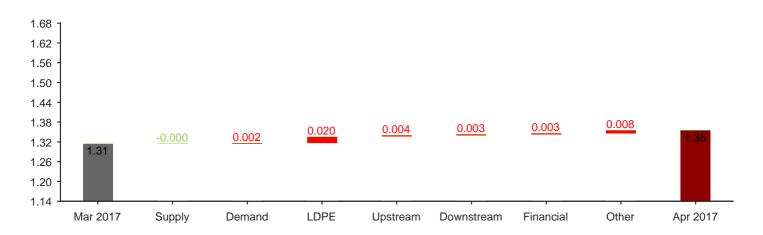
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Impact Analysis: One Month Forecast



Our algorithm forecasts a higher price of LDPE in one month: it is expectable that the price increases 3.02% from 1.31€ to 1.35€ until the beginning of April.

Indices of Factors



Interpretation

- Slight increase of Supply: Negative pressure of the Supply index
- Increase of Demand: Positive pressure of the Demand index
- Considerably positive pressure of the index of LDPE
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market upstream
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market downstream
- Positive pressure of the financial index
- Positive pressure of other commodities and other factors
- Focus on Poland, Mexico, and US

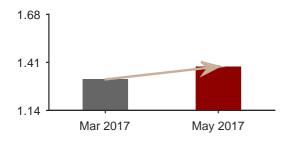
Impact per Country



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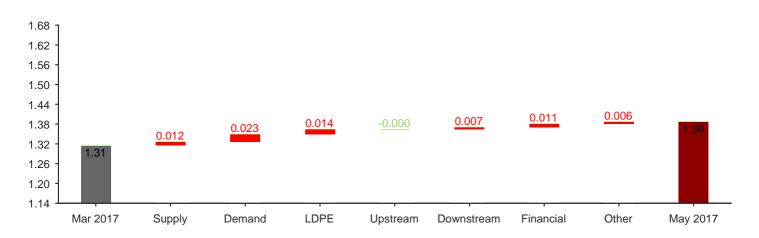
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Impact Analysis: Two Months Forecast



Our algorithm forecasts a higher price of LDPE in two months: it is expectable that the price increases 5.44% from 1.31€ to 1.39€ until the beginning of May.

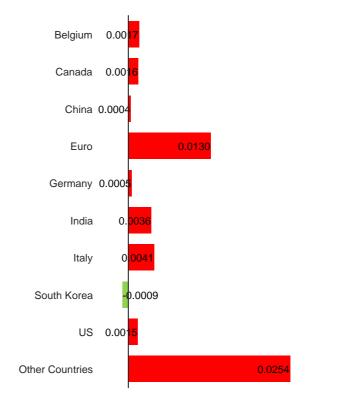
Indices of Factors



Interpretation

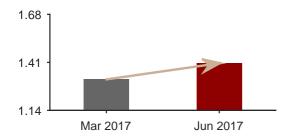
- Decrease of Supply: Positive pressure of the Supply index
- Considerable increase of Demand: Positive pressure of the Demand index
- Positive pressure of the index of LDPE
- Slightly negative pressure of the index of variables representing the market upstream
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market downstream
- Positive pressure of the financial index
- Positive pressure of other commodities and other factors
- Focus on Singapore, Euro, and UK

Impact per Country



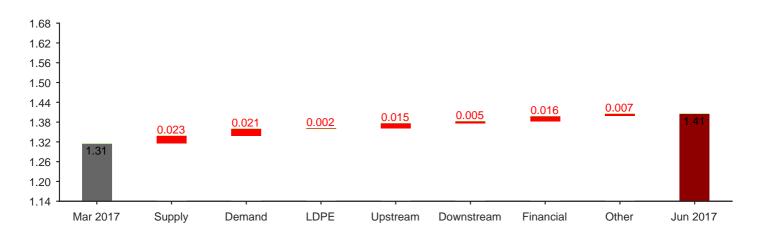
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Impact Analysis: Three Months Forecast



Our algorithm forecasts a higher price of LDPE in three months: it is expectable that the price increases 6.87% from 1.31€ to 1.41€ until the beginning of June.

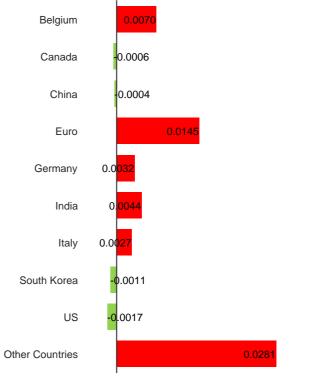
Indices of Factors



Interpretation

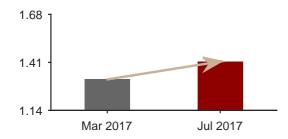
- Decrease of Supply: Positive pressure of the Supply index
- Increase of Demand: Positive pressure of the Demand index
- Slightly positive pressure of the index of LDPE
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market upstream
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market downstream
- Positive pressure of the financial index
- Positive pressure of other commodities and other factors
- Focus on Singapore, Euro, and Mexico

Impact per Country



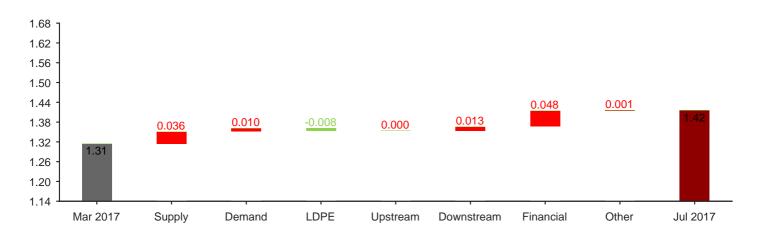
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Impact Analysis: Four Months Forecast



Our algorithm forecasts a higher price of LDPE in four months: it is expectable that the price increases 7.63% from 1.31€ to 1.42€ until the beginning of July.

Indices of Factors



Interpretation

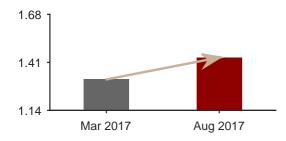
- Considerable decrease of Supply: Positive pressure of the Supply index
- Increase of Demand: Positive pressure of the Demand index
- Negative pressure of the index of LDPE
- Slightly positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market upstream
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market downstream
- Considerably positive pressure of the financial index
- Slightly positive pressure of other commodities and other factors
- Focus on Euro, US, and Canada

Impact per Country



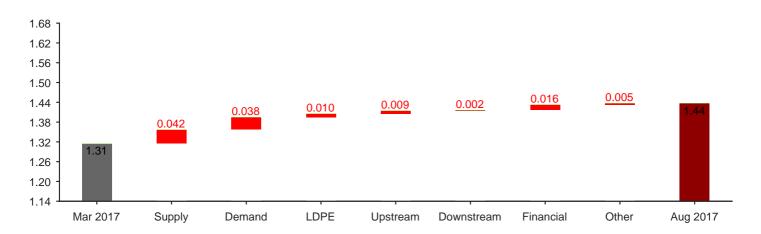
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Impact Analysis: Five Months Forecast



Our algorithm forecasts a higher price of LDPE in five months: it is expectable that the price increases 9.32% from 1.31€ to 1.44€ until the beginning of August.

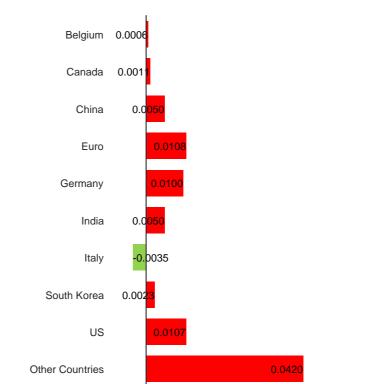
Indices of Factors



Impact per Country

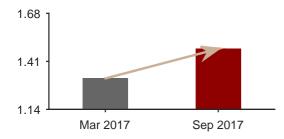
Interpretation

- Considerable decrease of Supply: Positive pressure of the Supply index
- Considerable increase of Demand: Positive pressure of the Demand index
- Positive pressure of the index of LDPE
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market upstream
- Slightly positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market downstream
- Positive pressure of the financial index
- Positive pressure of other commodities and other factors
- Focus on Netherlands, Thailand, and Euro



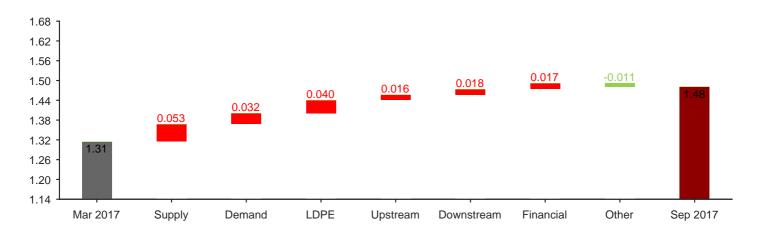
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Impact Analysis: Six Months Forecast



Our algorithm forecasts a higher price of LDPE in six months: it is expectable that the price increases 12.61% from 1.31€ to 1.48€ until the beginning of September.

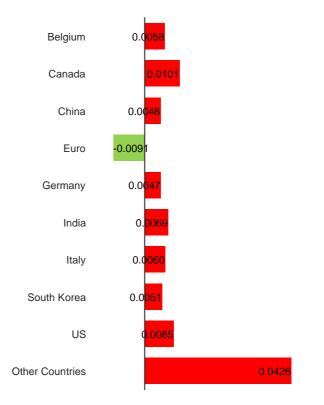
Indices of Factors



Interpretation

- Considerable decrease of Supply: Positive pressure of the Supply index
- Increase of Demand: Positive pressure of the Demand index
- Considerably positive pressure of the index of LDPE
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market upstream
- Positive pressure of the index of variables representing the market downstream
- Positive pressure of the financial index
- Negative pressure of other commodities and other factors
- Focus on Singapore, UK, and Japan

Impact per Country



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APPENDIX – Technical Explanation of the Impact Analysis

In this appendix, we explain the impact analysis of the factors that most contribute for our forecasts.

This Impact Analysis is conducted individually for **each time horizon**, allowing for a distinction between the indices of variables that contribute for our forecasts at short and medium run.

For each time horizon, our analysis has **two components**: first, we present the impact of variables grouped by **indices of factors**; second we present the impact of variables grouped by **indices of countries**.

Indices of Factors

Indices of factors are indices of the weighted contributions of the variables grouped in those factors.

Supply Index: composed of macroeconomic variables of the producing and exporting countries. It includes variables such as production, exchange rates, inflation, monetary policy, and wages. For example, an increase in wages implies higher production costs which should (in linear, general, and ceteris paribus terms) generate an incentive to increase prices;

Demand index: composed of macroeconomic variables of the consuming and importing countries. It includes variables such as production, exchange rates, inflation, monetary policy, and wages. For example, a decrease in a consumer confidence index should (in linear, general, and ceteris paribus terms) increase savings and decrease demand, leading to lower prices;

LDPE Index: composed of variables related to LDPE. It includes variables such as the price of LDPE in different regions of the world and exports, imports, and producer prices of LDPE in some countries. For example, an increase in the price of LDPE in other region may imply an increase in the price of LDPE in Europe due to arbitrage movements;

Upstream index: composed of variables related to Ethylene, Ethane, Propane, and Natural Gas. It includes variables such as the price and exports, imports, and producer prices of the inputs in some countries. For example, an increase in the price of Ethylene should (in linear, general, and ceteris paribus terms) generate an increase in the price of LDPE;

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APPENDIX – Technical Explanation of the Impact Analysis (II)

Downstream index: composed of variables related to downstream industries, such as Packaging. It includes variables such as the exports, imports, and producer prices of the Plastic Industry in some countries. For example, an increase in the demand of Plastic should (in linear, general, and ceteris paribus terms) generate an increase in the price of LDPE;

Financial Variables Index: composed of financial market variables. It includes the share price of companies that produce LDPE. It also includes financial indices related to this sector. For example, a positive change in the share price of a producer of LDPE should (in linear, general, and ceteris paribus terms) imply an increase in expected profitability of the firm. This may signal an expectation of increase in the price of LDPE;

Other Variables Index: composed of variables related to other polymers and other commodities, such as Oil. It includes the price, exports, and imports of these commodities. For example, a positive change in the price of a substitute commodity, should (in linear, general, and ceteris paribus terms) imply an increase of demand of LDPE, and thus, of the price of LDPE.

Indices of Countries

Indices of Countries: are indices of the weighted contributions of the macroeconomic variables of each country. The countries we present are the most relevant countries in the production, consumption, and international commerce of LDPE.

Interpretation Warning

It is important to note that the contribution of individual variables and indices of variables is not linear. The interaction between variables and between variables of different factors may not be neglectable, which means that the importance of each variable and indices of variables is determined together with the importance of all other variables.

Furthermore, the analysis of changes in variables is not linear. This means that the same variable with the same change in different moments of time may have different impacts given its previous evolution. For example, the algorithm contrasts the change in a variable with its expected change. A positive change but inferior to the expected change may originate an effect of price correction.

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